Utah DOT Snow Removal Performance Metrics.....2.0

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UDOT Central -- Maintenance Planning Division

PNS CONFERENCE 2018

Spokane, WA

• Grew up in Salt Lake City (Midvale) Utah

 Joined the US NAVY and went to boot camp 26 days after high school graduation to get \$\$\$ for college

Sonar Technician 2nd class (E-5) on naval destroyer USS

Kinkaid (DD-965)

Decomissioned ship in January 2003

- USS Kinkaid was sunk during a SINKEX in July 2004
- Now an artificial reef off the coast of Hawaii



- Sonar Technician 2nd Class on naval destroyer USS Fletcher
 (DD-992) after participating in the Sea Swap Program
- Goal of Sea Swap Program was to extend time "in theater"
- USS Fletcher was sunk during a SINKEX in July 2008
- Now an artificial reef off coast of Hawaii

Spent 6 years in theUS NAVY – Received

Honorable Discharge



Attended Arizona State University (ASU) using the GI Bill after my 6-year enlistment in the US Navy

Graduated in spring of 2009 with a Bachelor of Science (BSE) in Civil Engineering



First.....A Little About ME Keeping Utah Moving

- Started working for UDOT in fall of 2009 as an Unbenefited Intern in the Asphalt Mix Laboratory at UDOT Central where we did Material testing (asphalt, binder, aggregate, concrete)
- Got accepted into UDOT's Rotational Engineering
 Program in spring of 2011 spent 3 years as a Rotational Engineer
- Earned my Professional Engineering (P.E.) License spring of 2014

- During time in Rotational Engineering Program at UDOT I got the opportunity to work in these 4 Departments:
 - Construction (6 mos)
 - Maintenance (6 mos)
 - Construction again (6 mos)
 - Design (12 mos)
 - Traffic & Safety (6 mos)



- After getting a full time job at UDOT in spring 2014 I have worked:
 - Design (3 yrs)
 - Traffic and Safety (1 yr)
 - Currently in MAINTENANCE PLANNING (8 mos)

Now, Down To Business......

Winter Road Weather Index

- UDOT rolled out what was called the Winter Road Weather Index (WRWI) in October of
 2013 1st iteration of what would eventually become......
- The Snow & Ice Performance Measure followed in October of 2015 system has now been online for just under 3 years and for 3 winters:
- **2015/2016**
- **2016/2017**
- **2017/2018**

Now, Down To Business......

Winter Road Weather Index

 The WRWI and Snow & Ice Performance Measure were created in conjunction with UDOT Traffic Operation Center (TOC) Weather Group's

• Jeff Williams (Weather Program Manager)
and......

Cody Opperman (Weather Program Specialist)

• UDOT's Weather Website:

http://www.udottraffic.utah.gov/ForecastView/Default.aspx

Initial Hesitation With GPS Units

 Transportation Technicians were at first very hesitant to have "tracking devices" installed in their plows

Snow & Ice Performance Measure is <u>supplemented</u> by

a GPS system installed in the plow trucks

GPS units allow for Automatic
 Vehicle Location (AVL)

BIG BROTHER is watching us....



Initial Hesitation With GPS Units

- GPS units work with **Force America controllers** inside of snow plows to <u>document the locations</u> of such parameters as:
 - *Types of material dispensed (salt, brine, sand, etc.)
 - Rate of materials dispensed
 - Blade time up/down
 - Lane miles plowed
 - Vehicle min/max speed
 - Salt "blast" duration for emergencies and accidents
 - Pre-wetting time for anti-icing operations

Initial Hesitation With GPS Units

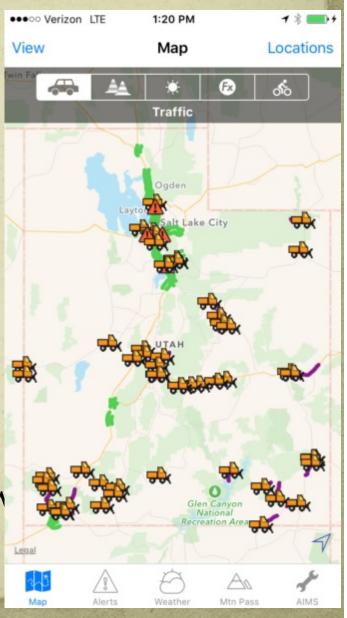
- Decision came down Maintenance Planning and upper management's desire to better optimize snow plow operations → be good stewards of TAXPAYER
 \$\$\$\$
- Case was made to the Transportation Techs by upper management that MILLION+ DOLLAR MACHINES, aka Snow Plows, are worth tracking despite the perceived BIG BROTHER EFFECT they were feeling
- Distrust with the new tracking system faded over time because......

Time Heals All Wounds

 One thing that GPS units in snow plows allowed for is development of the Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL) system

 Using UDOT's Traffic app citizens can see the approximate locations of snow plows

 We set a <u>10 minute lag</u> to keep plow drivers safe from The Unruly



Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL) System

• Beneficial for The Public:

- Can avoid where the snowplows are currently working
- Can see what areas have already been plowed and are clear of snow and ice
- Can see their tax \$\$\$'s hard at work

Beneficial for UDOT:

- Better track plow movements to see what areas have already been plowed → Reallocate Resources
- Respond to Citizen Inquiries to verify if plow has already been through and when they came through
- Plow Route Optimization through trial and error

Some FACTS About Utah's ROADWAYS

- 5,865 Centerline Miles
- 24,300 Lane Miles
- 1,867 Bridges
- 25-35 Average Storm Events per year statewide
- Remove 65 million tons of snow & ice per year
- 500 Snow Plows
 - \$5.6 million in Labor \$\$\$ per year
 - \$4.6 million in Equipment \$\$\$ per year
 - \$5.0 million in Material \$\$\$ per year

Some FACTS About Utah's

POADWAVC



Interstate

Centerline Miles ~ 935, 16% Lane Miles ~ 30% VMT ~ 53% Combo VMT ~ 62%

Level 1 >1,000 vehicles or 200 trucks per day

Centerline Miles ~ 2,980, 51% Lane Miles ~ 51% VMT ~ 45% Combo VMT ~ 36%

Level 2 <1,000 vehicles or 200 trucks per day

Centerline Miles ~ 1,960, 33% Lane Miles ~ 19% VMT ~ 2% Combo VMT, 2%

Total

Centerline Miles ~ 5,865 Lane Miles ~ 24,300 VMT ~ 47,712,150 Combo VMT ~ 5,726,3500

Some FACTS About Utah's

- SNOWFALL 80% of Utah's population is living along the Wasatch Front (Ogden, Salt Lake City, Provo)
- Terrain varies from **2000** ft **13,500** ft above sea level
- Lake Effect Snowfall Great Salt Lake never freezes (salinity 5-27%) and causes its own weather formations
- Varied snowfall throughout Utah
 - Alta Ski Resort 508 inches (42.3 ft) per year, record is 910 inches (75.8 ft) back in 1983
 - Wasatch Front 40-120 inches per year (3.3 ft 10 ft)
 - St. George 3 inches per year
 - Wendover 5 inches per year

Some FACTS About Utah's ECONOMY

• Economic Impact of a Single 24-Hour Storm Event:

• Wages & Salaries.....\$42.81 M

• Retail Sales.....\$18.26 M

• Federal Taxes.....\$3.32 M

State & Local Taxes.....\$1.98 M

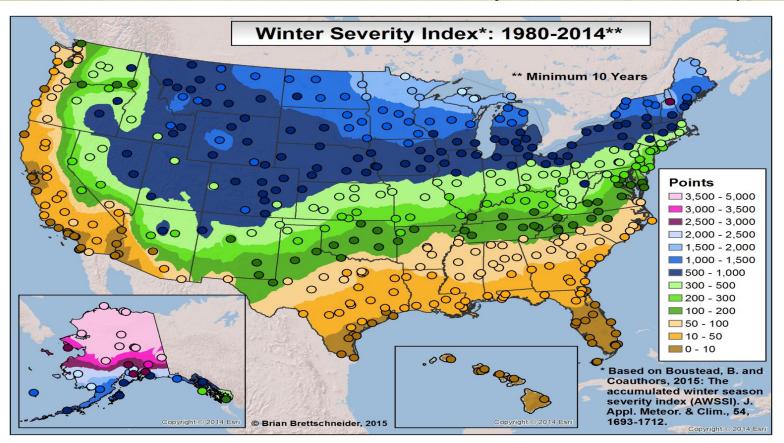


Total Economic Impact \$66.37 million LOST

Source: American Highway Users Alliance performed by IHS Global Insight (2009)

Nationwide Index or Measures?

- The Climate Network (National Weather Service)
 - No road weather data is used
 - Snowfall is measured on **grass** this methodology doesn't fit our needs in the transportation industry



Utah's Needs In A Measure/Index

- At UDOT we found that we needed a Real-Time Index to evaluate weather, road conditions, and the snow removal efforts performance by Maintenance Crews
- We have found that **snowfall rates** & **road temps** have the highest impacts on "roadway health"
- Our *Real-Time Index* accounts for blowing snow (snow drifts), freezing rain, & wet/dry snowfall

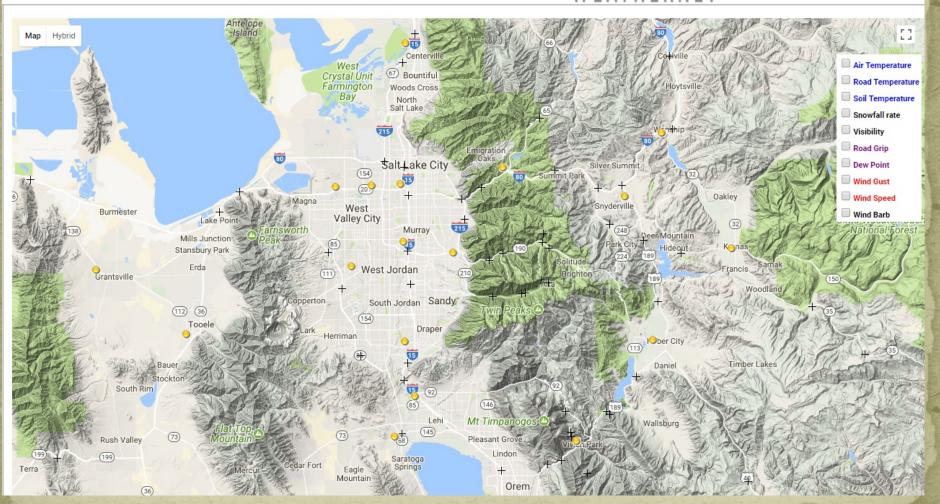
Using RWIS Sites To Gather Data

- With no nationwide method we began to look at our RWIS stations for data to parse
- **RWIS:** Roadway Weather Information System
- We use RWIS data along with a sophisticated algorithm to "GRADE" snow removal efforts
- Algorithm was developed by the UDOT Weather Group (namely Jeff Williams & Cody Oppermann)
- RWIS stations are spread out far apart throughout the state = Not a complete picture of ROADWAY HEALTH

RWIS Stations Along Wasatch Front

Statewide Maintenance Forecast

WEATHERNE?



Data That RWIS Provides UDOT

- RWIS stations provide us with the following data:
 - Air Temp
 - Road Temp
 - Soil Temp
 - Soil Moisture
 - Wet-Bulb Temp
 - Snowfall Rate (found through Visibility sensor)
 - Road Grip/Condition
 - (see the "Decision Matrix" aka.....
 - the Griffin Grip Cube) →
 - Dew Point
 - Wind Gust
 - Wind Speed
 - Wind Direction
 - Solar Radiance



Mr. Kevin Griffin

Using RWIS Sites To Gather Data

• UDOT owns 109+ RWIS stations total

- 69 of these RWIS stations are compatible with Snow & Ice Performance Measure
- The other 40 stations are mobile trailers or are older stations not compatible
- <u>Goal:</u> minimum of **1** RWIS site per Maintenance Station
- Expand by 1 RWIS station per month on average



RWIS Road Condition Sensors

 Road Condition Sensor is pointed at a 45° angle to maximize data accuracy (*usually* the far right lane)

Analyzes approximately 5 ft² of pavement

Full RWIS station
 with Contractor install
 and instrumentation:

≈ \$45,000 - \$50,000



Looking Toward the Future With..... Connected/Autonomous Vehicles

- It is fiscally impractical to put RWIS stations along every section of corridor
- ❖ RWIS stations do not overlap; i.e. there are "gaps" that are not covered and thus → do not provide a clear picture of roadway weather or health
- Our goal is to have a statewide network for Snow & Ice Performance Measure
- *UDOT has put forth a research proposal at UTRAC (Utah Research Advisory Council) to see if using Connected/Autonomous Vehicles help fill in "gaps"

Looking Toward the Future With..... Connected/Autonomous Vehicles



Storm Intensity Index - SII

- Quantifies *atmospheric conditions* & *road temperature* into a single value = **Storm Intensity Index (SII)**
- Storm Intensity Index (SII): "The severity of the weather impacting the road. A value of SII = 1 corresponds to 1" of snowfall per hour with a road temp & wet bulb temp of 32° F with light winds."
- Storm Intensity Index (SII) accounts for:
 - 1 Snowfall Rate (found through Visibility sensor)
 - 2 Wind Gust (≥ 20mph)
 - 3 Wet-Bulb Temperature (used for determination of the *Precipitation Type* and *Dry/Wet Snow*)
 - 4 Road Temperature

Storm Intensity Index - SII

At temps > 35° F and dry road the SII will always equal o

• When road temperature < 35° F and road is <u>not</u> dry....

1 - Snowfall Rate

- Visibility is used to estimate Snowfall Rate
- Precipitation occurrence is used to differentiate Fog from Snow

2 - Wind Gust (≥ 20mph)

- More impact with lower wet bulb temps (drier snow blows across road)
- Tends to cause snow drifting across roadways

Storm Intensity Index - SII

• When road temperature < 35° F and road is not dry....

3 - Wet Bulb Temperature

- Used instead of Air Temperature because it tells us more
- Major factor in if it Rains or Snows
- Used to distinguish Rain from Snow in the algorithm
- Low wet bulb temp equates to drier snow = easier to haul off
- Major factor in if precipitation evaporates or ices over

4 - Road Temperature

- The colder the road, the more difficult to mitigate
- Major factor in if precipitation evaporates or ices over

Snow & Ice Performance Measure

- The Snow and Ice Performance Measure then compares the 4 variables of the Storm Intensity Index (SII) to either the:
 - Road Condition (Dry, wet, slushy, snow, ice)
 - Different sensor than Road Grip

OR.....

- Road Grip (A value between o and o.82)
 - Different sensor than Road Condition

Snow & Ice Performance Measure

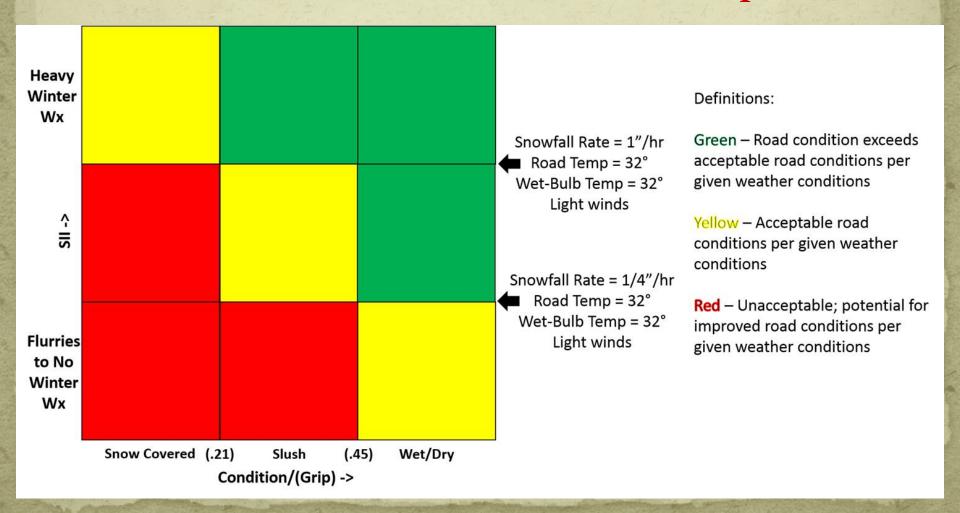
- UDOT uses the CAUSE vs. EFFECT approach
 - Atmospheric Conditions & Road Temperature (CAUSE)

VS.....

- The resulting Road Grip or Road Conditions (EFFECT)
- Road Grip/Conditions categorized into:
 - Snow covered
 - Partially snow covered/slushy
 - Wet/dry

Decision Matrix

Let us take a gander at the Decision
 Matrix..... aka Griffin Grip Cube



Decision Matrix Explained

Status of Snowfall	Snowfall Rate	Expected Mitigated Road Condition
Heavy	> 1" per hour	Snow Covered
Light to Moderate	o.25 to 1" per hour	Slushy/Partially Snow Covered
Flurries or No Snow	< 0.25" per hour	Wet or Dry

UDOT's Benchmark For Snow Removal

 UDOT's benchmark target for snow removal is to handle:

1" of snow / hour at 32° F

- The breakdown based on temperature:
 - 1" per hour for 32° F road temp & wet bulb temp
 - 3/4" per hour for 22° F road temp & wet bulb temp
 - 1/2" per hour for 17° F road temp & wet bulb temp

Storm Severity Index - SSI

• Storm Severity Index (SSI): The Average SII multiplied by the Storm Duration in HOURS.

Storm Severity Index =

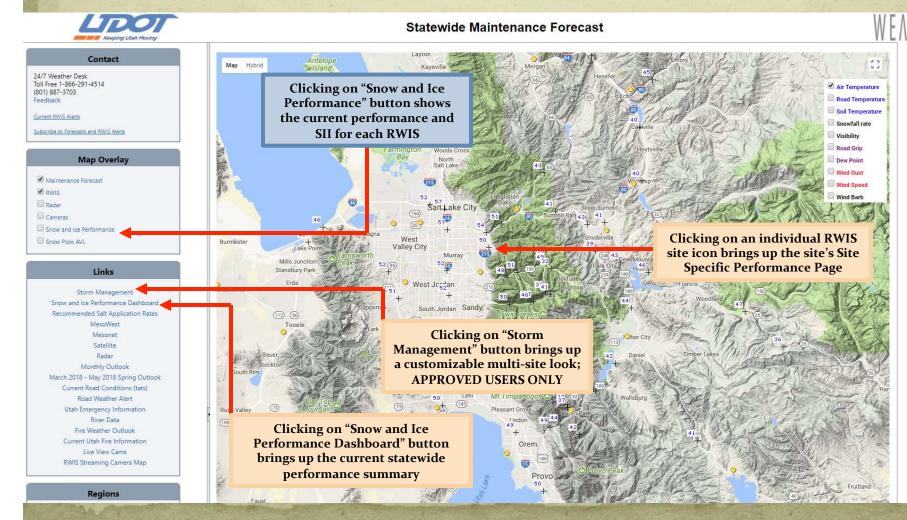
(Storm Intensity Index) x (Duration of Storm)

 \rightarrow

SSI = (SII) x (Duration of Storm)

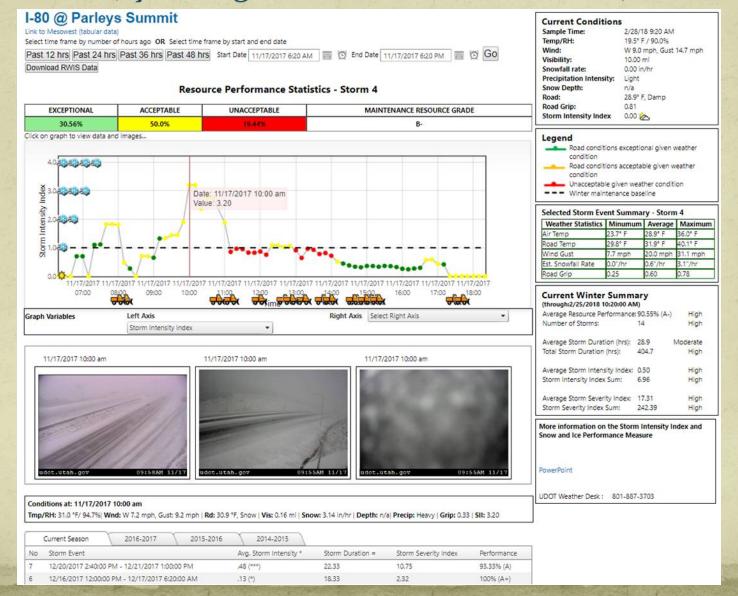
Let's See This Thing Already...... RWIS/Forecast Page – Your Portal

URL: http://www.udottraffic.utah.gov/ForecastView/Default.aspx



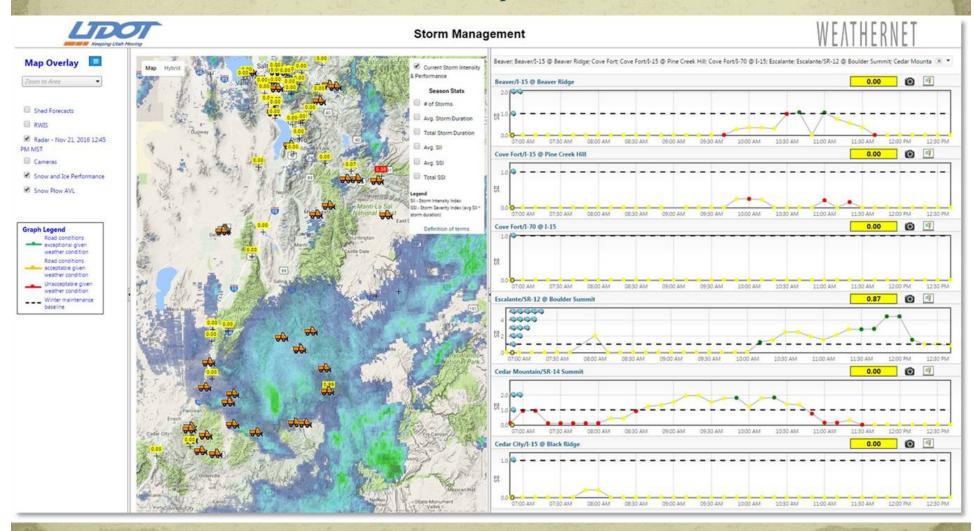
Site Specific Performance Page

(By clicking on individual RWIS site icon)



Storm Management Dashboard

(By clicking on "Storm Management" button, Authorized Users only)

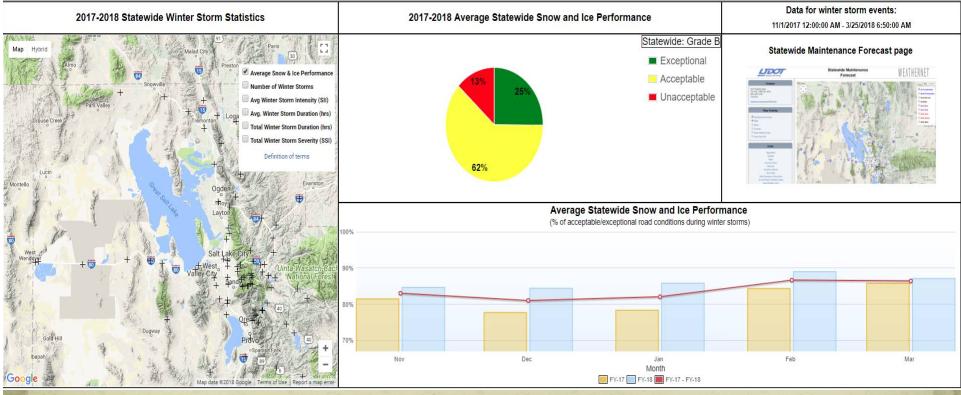


Statewide Snow & Ice Performance Dashboard (By clicking on "Snow & Ice Performance Dashboard" button)

Clicking on "Storm Performance Reports" brings up a customizable summary by Date Range, Region, and/or Route

Statewide Snow and Ice Performance Dashboard

Storm Performance Reports

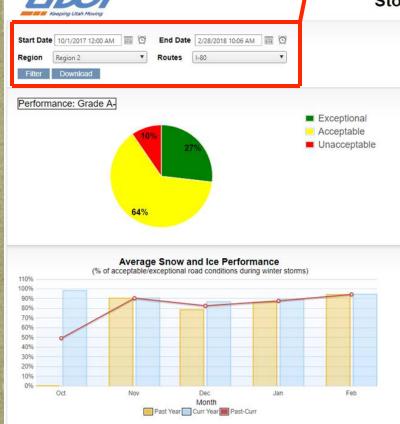


Storm Performance Reports

(By clicking on "Storm Performance Reports" button)

Filter box to find any storm by Date Range, Region, and/or Route and also the related snow removal performance letter grade (A-F)

Storm Performance Reports



	Location	Event Time					Performance				
		Start	End	Duration	Avg. Index	Storm Index		Acpt. %	Unacpti Sk	Grade	
v	Location: 1-80 @ Coalville										Ī
	I-80 @ Coalville	2/18/2018 6:40:00 PM	2/19/2018 2:20:00 AM	7.67	0.67	5.10	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	I-80 @ Coalville	1/19/2018 8:30:00 PM	1/21/2018 3:00:00 AM	30.50	0.37	11.20	24.0	61.2	14.8	В	
	I-80 @ Coalville	12/24/2017 7:30:00 PM	12/25/2017 10:00:00 AM	14.50	0.57	8.25	9.1	44.3	46.6	F	
	I-80 @ Coalville	12/23/2017 6:50:00 AM	12/23/2017 3:50:00 PM	9.00	0.42	3.76	18.2	63.6	18.2	B-	
	I-80 @ Coalville	12/20/2017 5:40:00 PM	12/21/2017 9:50:00 AM	16.17	0.20	3.24	26.8	73.2	0.0	A+	
	I-80 @ Coalville	12/3/2017 5:20:00 PM	12/4/2017 6:00:00 AM	12.67	0.33	4.24	37.7	50.6	11.7	8+	
	Location:1-80 @ Lakepoint										ı
	I-80 @ Lakepoint	2/23/2018 12:00:00 AM	2/23/2018 4:00:00 PM	16.00	0.53	8.50	28.9	50.5	20.6	C+	
	I-80 @ Lakepoint	2/18/2018 6:40:00 PM	2/19/2018 11:00:00 PM	28.33	0.29	8.25	22.4	73.9	3.7	Α	
	I-80 @ Lakepoint	1/19/2018 3:50:00 PM	1/20/2018 6:50:00 PM	27.00	0.28	7.65	31.9	58.3	9.8	Α-	
	I-80 @ Lakepoint	1/6/2018 12:30:00 PM	1/6/2018 4:40:00 PM	4.17	0.13	0.53	42.3	57.7	0.0	Α+	
	I-80 @ Lakepoint	12/24/2017 5:40:00 PM	12/25/2017 9:00:00 AM	15.33	0.24	3.68	6.5	37.6	55.9	F	
	I-80 @ Lakepoint	12/20/2017 2:40:00 PM	12/20/2017 10:40:00 PM	8.00	0.29	2.30	28.6	61.2	10.2	8+	
	I-80 @ Lakepoint	12/16/2017 9:30:00 AM	12/17/2017 8:10:00 AM	22.67	0.15	3.32	24.1	72.3	3.6	А	
	I-80 @ Lakepoint	12/4/2017 7:30:00 AM	12/4/2017 12:30:00 PM	5.00	0.32	1.58	29.0	54.8	16.1	В	
	Location:1-80 @ mp 1										
	I-80 @ mp 1	2/22/2018 4:40:00 PM	2/22/2018 9:10:00 PM	4.50	0.23	1.04	35.7	64.3	0.0	A+	
	I-80 @ mp 1	2/18/2018 8:00:00 PM	2/19/2018 12:40:00 AM	4.67	0.16	0.77	55.2	44.8	0.0	Α+	
	I-80 @ mp 1	1/19/2018 10:40:00 PM	1/20/2018 2:40:00 AM	4.00	0.15	0.59	40.0	60.0	0.0	Α+	
	Location:1-80 @ Parleys Canyon Quarry										
	I-80 @ Parleys Canyon C	2/24/2018 7:20:00 PM	2/25/2018 9:00:00 AM	13.67	0.17	2.30	19.3	80.7	0.0	Α+	
	I-80 @ Parleys Canyon C	2/22/2018 9:00:00 PM	2/23/2018 9:00:00 PM	24.00	0.38	9.17	32.4	67.6	0.0	Α+	
	I-80 @ Parleys Canyon C	2/18/2018 6:00:00 PM	2/20/2018 1:50:00 PM	43.83	0.57	24.99	31.8	64.8	3.4	А	
	1-80 @ Parleys Canyon C	2/14/2018 10:40:00 PM	2/15/2018 6:00:00 PM	19.33	0.17	3.29	28.2	71.8	0.0	Α+	
	I-80 @ Parleys Canyon C	1/25/2018 4:10:00 PM	1/26/2018 8:30:00 AM	16.33	0.07	1.15	12.1	87.9	0.0	A+	
	I-80 @ Parleys Canyon C	1/19/2018 5:10:00 PM	1/21/2018 12:20:00 AM	31.17	0.30	9.20	51.6	46.3	2.1	Α+	

Challenges With This System

Data Quality and Verification

 RWIS Coordinator/Meteorologist manually checks data weekly with aid of saved camera images from RWIS stations

Common Issues

- Occasional road sensor inaccuracy
- Sensor failure
- Flurries in fog confuse sensors
- High traffic prevents sensors from seeing roadway
- Reasonable SII in extreme conditions

Physical Challenges

- Requires intensive RWIS Station maintenance (need them working!!)
- Only samples a small area of roadway despite many lanemiles of responsibility

Future Improvements To Be Made

The ever-expansion of our RWIS network

Better storm identification

Algorithm tweaks



Set performance benchmarks for different priority routes

Using Connected/Autonomous Vehicles to fill in "RWIS gaps"

Now.....Something Near and Dear To

• End of discussion about Snow & Ice Performance Measure and on to......

Light Sabers!!



- Plow Driver Hours are long and unforgiving
- Older Fleet is slow to be replaced by new equipment
- Filling All Vacancies can be a problem high turnover rate due to the dangers of the job and pay \$\$\$

Bad Winter Driving Habits of citizens can cause accidents



• US-6 in Spanish Fork Canyon January 12th, 2017......



Spanish Fork Canyon --- January 12th, 2017

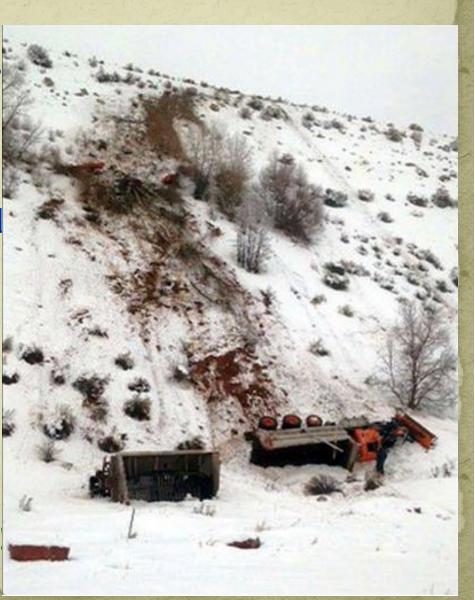
- **Terry Jacobson**, a 23 year veteran UDOT Transportation Technician in Region 3, was plowing WB lanes of SR-6 in Spanish Fork Canyon
- □ An impatient semi-truck driver pushed his UDOT plow off of the road while attempting to pass him on the right clipped his Wing Plow
- ☐ Terry's snow plow gated through the W-beam guardrail and rolled down a 300 foot embankment

• Let us watch the VIDEO captured by the dash camera of a semi-truck driver heading in the opposite direction.....

https://youtu.be/HHXkafQ5pAU

- Terry survived the accident, but does not plow anymore
- Passenger side of cab was crushed. Would have killed a passenger had there been one
- Lends credence to why we constantly communicate to the public.....

STAY BEHIND THE PLOWS



- UDOT Wing Plows used to have just an orange flashing light on the end of the wing
- In response to Terry's accident UDOT adopted what we call "Light Sabers" to go on the end of Wing Plows
- Let us watch a video of the Light Saber in action......

https://youtu.be/5AxWknqruYM

THE END!!!

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